Name:			

- 1. What is a stream cipher?
  - A. A symmetric key cipher that encrypts plaintext one byte at a time
  - B. An asymmetric key cipher that encrypts plaintext one stream at a time
  - C. A symmetric key cipher that encrypts plaintext one block at a time

D. An asymmetric key cipher that encrypts plaintext one hash at a time
Answer:
2. What is a block cipher?  A. A symmetric key cipher that encrypts plaintext one byte at a time  B. An asymmetric key cipher that encrypts plaintext one stream at a time  C. A symmetric key cipher that encrypts plaintext one block at a time  D. An asymmetric key cipher that encrypts plaintext one hash at a time
Answer:
B. If the plaintext cant be divided evenly into equal sized blocks, what is done to bring the plaintext to a proper length?  A. Filling B. Completing C. Repeating D. Padding
Answer:
<ol> <li>What is a mode of operation?</li> <li>A. The choice on boot between running in BIOS or loading the OS</li> <li>B. Choosing whether to work with traditional medicine or black magic</li> <li>C. Determining whether the game difficulty is easy, medium, hard, or impossible</li> <li>D. An algorithm used with a block cipher to make an encryption algorithm</li> </ol>
Answer:
5. What is ECB? A. Encryption Cipher Box B. Engineering Cryptographic Bytes C. Electronic Codebook D. Exocipher Byte
Answer:
6. What does CBC add on top of ECB?  A. Authentication

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

B. Obfuscation C. Randomization D. None of the above

7. What does CBC use for the first plaintext block since it doesn't have a ciphertext block
preceding it?
A. Initial vector
B. Padding
C. Nothing
D. Obfuscation
Answer:
8. Which of the following is true about CTR mode?
<u> </u>
A. It authenticates and encrypts at the same time
B. It is a block cipher acting like a stream cipher
C. It is a stream cipher acting like a block cipher

Name:\_\_\_\_

Block Cipher Models and Lightweight Cryptography

9. GCM and GMAC are given their names after which famous mathematician?

D. The counter decreases by one from one block to the next

- A. Galois
- B. Gauss
- C. Germain
- D. Gadella

Answer:				